

Section 5.4 The Fundamental Theorem of Calculus
(Minimum Homework: all odds)

#1-24 Use the Fundamental Theorem of Calculus to evaluate the definite integral.

$$1) \int_2^5 (4x - 3)dx$$

$$2) \int_1^6 (2x - 5)dx$$

$$3) \int_3^7 5dx$$

$$4) \int_2^9 6dx$$

$$5) \int_0^3 (4x^3 + 3x^2 - 7)dx$$

$$6) \int_0^2 (8x^3 - 6x^2 + 2)dx$$

$$7) \int_0^2 3e^x dx$$

$$8) \int_0^4 2e^x dx$$

$$9) \int_1^e \frac{3}{x} dx$$

$$10) \int_1^{e^2} \frac{5}{x} dx$$

$$11) \int_1^e 7x^{-1} dx$$

$$12) \int_1^e 2x^{-1} dx$$

$$13) \int_1^2 3(3x + 1)^2 dx$$

$$14) \int_1^2 7(7x - 4)^2 dx$$

$$15) \int_1^2 9(3x + 1)^2 dx$$

$$16) \int_1^2 14(7x - 4)^2 dx$$

$$17) \int_{-2}^4 (2x)(x^2 - 1)^2 dx$$

$$18) \int_{-2}^1 (2x - 4)(x^2 - 4x + 1)^2 dx$$

$$19) \int_{-2}^4 (6x)(x^2 - 1)^2 dx$$

$$20) \int_{-2}^1 (6x - 12)(x^2 - 4x + 1)^2 dx$$

$$21) \int_0^1 3x^2 e^{x^3} dx$$

$$22) \int_0^1 2xe^{x^2} dx$$

$$23) \int_0^1 6x^2 e^{x^3} dx$$

$$24) \int_0^1 8xe^{x^2} dx$$